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Patent and Trademark Office: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → | + | Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays Attorney Docket No. 25791.37.02 UTILITY First Inventor or Application Identifier Chan Daigle PATENT APPLICATION SEALANT FOR EXPANDIBLE CONNECTION Title TRANSMITTAL Express Mail Label No. EL262829711US (Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b) Assistant Commissioner for Patents APPLICATION ELEMENTS ADDRESS TO: **Box Patent Application** See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents. Nashington, DC 20231 Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix) * Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17) 5. Х (Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing) 6. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission Total Pages Х Specification 18 (if applicable, all necessary) (preferred arrangement set forth below) Computer Readable Copy a. - Descriptive title of the Invention - Cross References to Related Applications Paper Copy (identical to computer copy) b. - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D Statement verifying identity of above copies c. - Reference to Microfiche Appendix ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS - Background of the Invention - Brief Summary of the Invention Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s)) - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed) 37 C.F.R.§3.73(b) Statement Power of 8. - Detailed Description (when there is an assignee) Attorney - Claim(s) English Translation Document (if applicable) 9 - Abstract of the Disclosure Copies of IDS Information Disclosure 0. Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) Total Sheets Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 Citations Preliminary Amendment Oath or Declaration Total Pages Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) Х 12. a. Newly executed (original or copy) (Should be specifically itemized) Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d)) * Small Entity Statement filed in prior application, (for continuation/divisional with Box 16 completed) Statement(s) Status still proper and desired DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) (PTO/SB/09-12) Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) Signed statement attached deleting (if foreign priority is claimed) inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b). Express Mail Certificate Other: 5. NOTE FOR ITEMS 1 & 13: IN ORDER TO BE ENTITLED TO PAY SMALL ENTITY \$836.00 Check - Filing Fees 2 addt'l sets of drawings - NOTE FOR HEMS 1 & 13: IN ORDER 10 BE ENTITLED 10 FA MARLE FEES, A SMALL ENTITY STATEMENT IS REQUIRED (37 C.F.R. § 1.27), EXCEPT IF ONE FILED IN A PRIOR APPLICATION IS RELIED UPON (37 C.F.R. § 1.28). 16. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment: of prior application No. Continuation-in-part (CIP) Continuation Divisional Group / Art Unit: Prior application information. For CONTINUATION or DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby i ncorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

17. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS Correspondence address below Customer Number or Bar Code Label (Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here) **Todd Mattingly** Name Havnes and Boone, L.L.P. 1000 Louisiana Address **Suite 4300** 77002 Texas Zip Code Houston City 713-236-5585 713-547-2301 Fax USA Telephone Country

40,298 Registration No. (Attorney/Agent) Todd Mattingly / Name (Print/Type) 10/4/2000

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TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT

836.00

Complete if Known		
Application Number	To Be Assigned	
Filing Date	October 5, 2000	
First Named Inventor	Chan Daigle	
Examiner Name	To Be Assigned	
Group / Art Unit	To Be Assigned	
Attorney Docket No.	25791.37.02	

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)				FI	EE CALCULA	TION (con	tinued)	
The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayments to:	Large Fee	Entity Fee	Sma Fee	AL FE	<i>t</i>	Description		Fee Paid
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Account Name Haynes and Boone, L.L.P	139	130	139	130	Non-English speci	ification		
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1. BASIC FILING FEE	117	870	217	435	Extension for repl	y within third	month	
Large Entity Small Entity Fee Fee Fee Fee Description	118	1,360	218	680	Extension for repl	y within fourth	month	
Code (\$) Code (\$) Fee Paid	128	1,850	228	925	Extension for repl	y within fifth n	nonth	
101 690 201 345 Utility filing fee 710	119	300	219	150	Notice of Appeal			
106 310 206 155 Design filing fee	120	300	220	150	Filing a brief in su	ipport of an ap	peal	
107 480 207 240 Plant filing fee	121	260	221	130	Request for oral h	nearing		
108 690 208 345 Reissue filing fee	138	1,510	138	1,510	Petition to institute	e a public use	proceeding	
114 150 214 75 Provisional filing fee	140	110	240	55	Petition to revive	 unavoidable 		
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2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES	142	1,210	242	605	Utility issue fee (d	or reissue)		
Fee from Extra Claims below Fee Paid	143	430	243	215	Design issue fee			
Total Claims 27 -20** = 7 × 18 = 126.00	144	580	244	290	Plant issue fee			
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**or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see below	126	240	126	240	Submission of Infe	ormation Disc	losure Stmt	
Large Entity Small Entity Fee Fee Fee Fee Fee Description Code (\$) Code (\$)	581	40	581	40	Recording each p			
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102 78 202 39 Independent claims in excess of 3	149	690	249	345	For each addition		be	
104 260 204 130 Multiple dependent claim, if not paid					examined (37 CF	R § 1.129(b))		
109 78 209 39 ** Reissue independent claims over original patent	Other	fee (sp	ecify)					
110 18 210 9 ** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent	Other	fee (sp	ecify)					
SUBTOTAL (2) (\$) 126.00 Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid SUBTOTAL (3) (\$) 0.00			0.00					
SUBMITTED BY						Complete (if	applicable)	
Name (Pnnt/Type) Todd Mattingly		Regist (Attorni			40,298	Telephone	713-540	-2301
Signature A. M. M.						Date	10/11/	ONG

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Vikki Meriwether

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SEALANT FOR EXPANDABLE CONNECTION

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Vikki Meriwether

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SEALANT FOR EXPANDABLE CONNECTION

Cross Reference To Related Applications

This application claims the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional patent application serial number 60/159,033, attorney docket number 25791.37, filed on October 12, 1999, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

This application is related to the following co-pending applications:

Provisional Patent	Attorney	Filing Date
Application Number	Docket No.	
60/108,558	25791.9	11-16-1998
60/111,293	25791.3	12-7-1998
60/119,611	25791.8	2-11-1999
60/121,702	25791.7	2-25-1999
60/121,841	25791.12	2-26-1999
60/121,907	25791.16	2-26-1999
60/124,042	25791.11	3-11-1999
60/131,106	25791.23	4-26-1999
60/137,998	25791.17	6-7-1999
60/143,039	25791.26	7-9-1999

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60/146,203	25791.25	7-29-1999
	25791.29	9-16-1999
	25791.34	10-11-1999
	25791.36	10-11-1999

Applicants incorporate by reference the disclosures of these applications.

Background of the Invention

This invention relates generally to wellbore casings, and in particular to wellbore casings that are formed using tubing having threaded portions.

Conventionally, when a wellbore is created, a number of casings are installed in the borehole to prevent collapse of the borehole wall and to prevent undesired outflow of drilling fluid into the formation or inflow of fluid from the formation into the borehole. The borehole is drilled in intervals whereby a casing which is to be installed in a lower borehole interval is lowered through a previously installed casing of an upper borehole interval. As a consequence of this procedure the casing of the lower interval is of smaller diameter than the casing of the upper interval. Thus, the casings are in a nested arrangement with casing diameters decreasing in downward direction. Cement annuli are provided between the outer surfaces of the casings and the borehole wall to seal the casings from the borehole wall. As a consequence of this nested arrangement a relatively large borehole diameter is required at the upper part of the wellbore. Such a large borehole diameter involves increased costs due to heavy casing handling equipment, large drill bits and increased volumes of drilling fluid and drill cuttings. Moreover, increased drilling rig time is involved due to required cement pumping, cement hardening, required equipment changes due to large variations

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in hole diameters drilled in the course of the well, and the large volume of cuttings drilled and removed.

The present invention is directed to overcoming one or more of the limitations of the existing procedures for forming wellbores.

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Summary of the Invention

According to one aspect of the present invention, an expandable tubular assembly is provided that includes a pair of tubular members having threaded portions coupled to one another and a quantity of a sealant within the threaded portions of the tubular members.

According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of coupling an expandable tubular assembly including a plurality of tubular members having threaded portions to a preexisting structure is provided that includes coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with a sealant, coupling the threaded portions of the tubular members, curing the sealant, positioning the tubular members within a preexisting structure and radially expanding the tubular members into contact with the preexisting structure.

According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus is provided that includes a preexisting structure and a plurality of tubular members having threaded portions coupled to the preexisting structure by the process of: coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with a sealant, coupling the threaded portions of the tubular members, curing the sealant, positioning the tubular members within a preexisting structure and radially expanding the tubular members into contact with the preexisting structure.

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Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 is a flow chart illustrating a preferred embodiment of a method for coupling a plurality of tubular members to a preexisting structure.

Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional view of an embodiment of the threaded connection between a pair of expandable tubulars.

Fig. 3 is a fragmentary cross sectional view of the radial expansion of the tubular members of Fig. 2 into contact with a preexisting structure.

Detailed Description

A method and apparatus for coupling tubular members to a preexisting structure is provided. In a preferred embodiment, the tubular members are coupled using threaded connection. The threaded connection is coated with a sealant material that is then allowed to cure. The tubular members are then radially expanded into contact with the preexisting structure. In this manner, the radially expanded threaded connection between the tubular members optimally provides a fluidic seal.

In Fig. 1, a preferred embodiment of a method 100 for forming and/or repairing a wellbore casing, pipeline, or structural support includes the steps of: (1) providing first and second tubular members having first and second threads in step 105; (2) cleaning the first and second threads in step 110; (3) applying a primer to the threaded portions of the tubular members in step 115; (4) applying a sealing compound to the first and second threads in step 120; (5) coupling the first and second threads of the first and second tubular members in step 125; (6) curing the sealing compound in step 130; (7) positioning the coupled first and second tubular members within a pre-existing structure in step 135; and (8) radially expanding the coupled first and second tubular members into contact with the preexisting structure in step 140.

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As illustrated in Fig. 2, in a preferred embodiment, in step 105, a first tubular member 205 including first threads 210 and a second tubular member 215 including second threads 220 are provided. The first and second tubular members, 205 and 215, may be any number of conventional commercially available tubular members. In a preferred embodiment, the first tubular member 205 further includes a recess 225 containing a sealing member 230 and a retaining ring 235. In a preferred embodiment, the first and second tubular members, 205 and 215, are further provided substantially as described in one or more of the following co-pending applications:

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Provisional Patent	Attorney	Filing Date
Application Number	Docket No.	
60/108,558	25791.9	11-16-1998
60/111,293	25791.3	12-7-1998
60/119,611	25791.8	2-11-1999
60/121,702	25791.7	2-25-1999
60/121,841	25791.12	2-26-1999
60/121,907	25791.16	2-26-1999
60/124,042	25791.11	3-11-1999
60/131,106	25791.23	4-26-1999
60/137,998	25791.17	6-7-1999
60/143,039	25791.26	7-9-1999
60/146,203	25791.25	7-29-1999
	25791.29	9-16-1999
	25791.34	10-11-1999
	25791.36	10-11-1999

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Applicants incorporate by reference the disclosures of these applications.

In a preferred embodiment, in step 110, the first and second threads, 210 and 220, are cleaned. The first and second threads, 210 and 220, may be cleaned using any number of conventional cleaning methods.

In a preferred embodiment, the first and second threads, 210 and 220, are cleaned to substantially remove all foreign material and surface corrosion.

In a preferred embodiment, in step 115, the first and/or second threads, 210 and 220, are coated with a primer material to improve the adhesion of the sealing compound to the first and second threads, 210 and 220. In a preferred embodiment, the coating of primer material includes transition metal such as, for example, zinc, manganese, copper, iron, and/or cobalt.

In a preferred embodiment, in step 120, the first and/or second threads, 210 and 220, are coated with a sealing compound. The sealing compound may be any number of conventional commercially available sealing compounds such as, for example, epoxies, thermosetting sealing compounds, curable sealing compounds, or sealing compounds having polymerizable materials. In a preferred embodiment, the sealing compound maintains its material properties for temperatures ranging from about 0 to 450° F, is resistant to common wellbore fluidic materials such as water, drilling mud, oil, natural gas, acids, $\rm CO_2$, and $\rm H_2S$, and can be stretched up to about 30-40% after curing. In a preferred embodiment, the sealing compound is Jet-Lock III High Friction Thread Compound available from Jet-Lube, Inc. in order to optimally provide a fluidic seal between the first and second threads, 210 and 220.

In an alternative preferred embodiment, in steps 115 and 120, the sealing compound is applied to one of the threads, 210 or 220, and a primer material with or without a curing catalyst is applied to the other one of the threads, 210 and 220. In this manner, the adhesion of the sealing compound to the threads, 210 and 220, is optimized.

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In a preferred embodiment, in steps 125 and 130, the first and second threads, 210 and 220, of the first and second tubular members, 205 and 215, are then coupled, and the sealing compound is cured.

As illustrated in Fig. 5, in steps 135 and 140, the tubular members 205 and 215 are then positioned within a preexisting structure 505, and radially expanded into contact with the interior walls of the preexisting structure 505 using an expansion cone 510. The tubular members 205 and 215 may be radially expanded into intimate contact with the interior walls of the preexisting structure 505, for example, by: (1) pushing or pulling the expansion cone 510 through the interior of the tubular members 205 and 215; and/or (2) pressurizing the region within the tubular members 205 and 215 behind the expansion cone 510 with a fluid. In a preferred embodiment, one or more sealing members 515 are further provided on the outer surface of the tubular members 205 and 215, in order to optimally seal the interface between the radially expanded tubular members 205 and 215 and the interior walls of the preexisting structure 505.

In a preferred embodiment, the radial expansion of the tubular members 205 and 215 into contact with the interior walls of the preexisting structure 505 is performed substantially as disclosed in one or more of the following co-pending patent applications:

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U.S. Provisional	Attorney	Filing Date
Patent Application	Docket No.	
Number		
60/108,558	25791.9	11-16-1998
60/111,293	25791.3	12-7-1998
60/119,611	25791.8	2-11-1999
60/121,702	25791.7	2-25-1999
60/121,841	25791.12	2-26-1999

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U.S. Provisional	Attorney	Filing Date
Patent Application	Docket No.	
Number		
60/121,907	25791.16	2-26-1999
60/124,042	25791.11	3-11-1999
60/131,106	25791.23	4-26-1999
60/137,998	25791.17	6-7-1999
60/143,039	25791.26	7-9-1999
60/146,203	25791.25	7-29-1999
	25791.29	9-16-1999
	25791.34	10-11-1999
	25791.36	10-11-1999

The disclosures of each of the above co-pending patent applications are incorporated by reference.

In an alternative preferred embodiment, the sealing compound is a 2-step sealing compound that includes an initial cure that is completed after the first and second threads, 210 and 220, of the first and second tubular members, 205 and 215, are coupled, and a final cure that is completed after the first and second tubular members, 205 and 215, are radially expanded. In this manner, an optimal fluidic seal is formed between the first and second threads, 210 and 220. In a preferred embodiment, the final cure of the sealing compound is delayed by applying an inhibitor to the sealing compound before or after its application to the first and second threads, 210 and 220.

An expandable tubular assembly has been described that includes a pair of tubular members having threaded portions coupled to one another and a quantity of a sealant within the threaded portions of the tubular members. In a preferred

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embodiment, the sealant is selected from the group consisting of epoxies, thermosetting sealing compounds, curable sealing compounds, and sealing compounds having polymerizable materials. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant includes an initial cure cycle and a final cure cycle. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant can be stretched up to about 30 to 40 percent without failure. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant is resistant to conventional wellbore fluidic materials. In a preferred embodiment, the material properties of the sealant are substantially stable for temperatures ranging from about 0 to 450 °F. In a preferred embodiment, the threaded portions of the tubular members include a primer for improving the adhesion of the sealant to the threaded portions.

A method of coupling an expandable tubular assembly including a plurality of tubular members having threaded portions to a preexisting structure has also been described that includes coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with a sealant, coupling the threaded portions of the tubular members, curing the sealant, positioning the tubular members within a preexisting structure and radially expanding the tubular members into contact with the preexisting structure. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant is selected from the group consisting of epoxies, thermosetting sealing compounds, curable sealing compounds, and sealing compounds having polymerizable materials. In a preferred embodiment, the method further includes initially curing the sealant prior to radially expanding the tubular members and finally curing the sealant after radially expanding the tubular members. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant can be stretched up to about 30 to 40 percent after curing without failure. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant is resistant to conventional wellbore fluidic materials. In a preferred embodiment, the material properties of the sealant are substantially stable for temperatures ranging from about 0 to 450 °F. In a preferred embodiment, the method further includes applying a primer to the

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threaded portions of the tubular members prior to coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with the sealant. In a preferred embodiment, the primer includes a curing catalyst. In a preferred embodiment, the primer is applied to the threaded portion of one of the tubular members and the sealant is applied to the threaded portion of the other one of the tubular members. In a preferred embodiment, the primer includes a curing catalyst.

An apparatus has been described that includes a preexisting structure and a plurality of tubular members having threaded portions coupled to the preexisting structure by the process of coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with a sealant, coupling the threaded portions of the tubular members, curing the sealant, positioning the tubular members within a preexisting structure, and radially expanding the tubular members into contact with the preexisting structure. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant is selected from the group consisting of epoxies, thermosetting sealing compounds, curable sealing compounds, and sealing compounds having polymerizable materials. In a preferred embodiment, the apparatus further includes initially curing the sealant prior to radially expanding the tubular members and finally curing the sealant after radially expanding the tubular members. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant can be stretched up to about 30 to 40 percent after curing without failure. In a preferred embodiment, the sealant is resistant to conventional wellbore fluidic materials. In a preferred embodiment, the material properties of the sealant are substantially stable for temperatures ranging from about 0 to 450 °F. In a preferred embodiment, the apparatus further includes applying a primer to the threaded portions of the tubular members prior to coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with the sealant. In a preferred embodiment, the primer includes a curing catalyst. In a preferred embodiment, the primer is applied to the threaded portion of one of the tubular members and the sealant is

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applied to the threaded portion of the other one of the tubular members. In a preferred embodiment, the primer includes a curing catalyst.

Although this detailed description has shown and described illustrative embodiments of the invention, this description contemplates a wide range of modifications, changes, and substitutions. In some instances, one may employ some features of the present invention without a corresponding use of the other features. Accordingly, it is appropriate that readers should construe the appended claims broadly, and in a manner consistent with the scope of the invention.

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Claims

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. An expandable tubular assembly, comprising:
- a pair of tubular members having threaded portions coupled to one
- 3 another; and
- a quantity of a sealant within the threaded portions of the tubular
- 5 members.
- 1 2. The assembly of claim 1, wherein the sealant is selected from the group
- 2 consisting of epoxies, thermosetting sealing compounds, curable sealing
- 3 compounds, and sealing compounds having polymerizable materials.
- 1 3. The assembly of claim 1, wherein the sealant includes an initial cure cycle
- 2 and a final cure cycle.
- 1 4. The assembly of claim 1, wherein the sealant can be stretched up to about
- 2 30 to 40 percent without failure.
- 1 5. The assembly of claim 1, wherein the sealant is resistant to conventional
- 2 wellbore fluidic materials.
- 1 6. The assembly of claim 1, wherein the material properties of the sealant are
- 2 substantially stable for temperatures ranging from about 0 to 450 °F.
- 1 7. The assembly of claim 1, wherein the threaded portions of the tubular
- 2 members include a primer for improving the adhesion of the sealant to the
- 3 threaded portions.

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- 1 8. A method of coupling an expandable tubular assembly including a plurality
- 2 of tubular members having threaded portions to a preexisting structure,
- 3 comprising:
- 4 coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with a sealant;
- 5 coupling the threaded portions of the tubular members;
- 6 curing the sealant;
- 7 positioning the tubular members within a preexisting structure; and
- 8 radially expanding the tubular members into contact with the preexisting
- 9 structure.
- 1 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the sealant is selected from the group
- 2 consisting of epoxies, thermosetting sealing compounds, curable sealing
- 3 compounds, and sealing compounds having polymerizable materials.
- 1 10. The method of claim 8, further including:
- 2 initially curing the sealant prior to radially expanding the tubular
- 3 members; and

finally curing the sealant after radially expanding the tubular members.

- 1 11. The method of claim 8, wherein the sealant can be stretched up to about 30
- 2 to 40 percent after curing without failure.
- 1 12. The method of claim 8, wherein the sealant is resistant to conventional
- 2 wellbore fluidic materials.

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- 1 13. The method of claim 8, wherein the material properties of the sealant are
- 2 substantially stable for temperatures ranging from about 0 to 450 °F.
- 1 14. The method of claim 8, further including:
- 2 applying a primer to the threaded portions of the tubular members prior to
- 3 coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with the
- 4 sealant.
- 1 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the primer includes a curing catalyst.
- 1 16. The method of claim 14, wherein the primer is applied to the threaded
- 2 portion of one of the tubular members and the sealant is applied to the threaded
- 3 portion of the other one of the tubular members.
- 1 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the primer includes a curing catalyst.
- 1 18. An apparatus, comprising:
- 2 a preexisting structure; and
- a plurality of tubular members having threaded portions coupled to the
- 4 preexisting structure by the process of:
- 5 coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with a
- 6 sealant;
- 7 coupling the threaded portions of the tubular members;
- 8 curing the sealant;
- 9 positioning the tubular members within a preexisting structure; and
- radially expanding the tubular members into contact with the
- 11 preexisting structure.

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- 12 19. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the sealant is selected from the group
- 13 consisting of epoxies, thermosetting sealing compounds, curable sealing
- 14 compounds, and sealing compounds having polymerizable materials.
- 1 20. The apparatus of claim 18, further including:
- 2 initially curing the sealant prior to radially expanding the tubular
- 3 members; and
- finally curing the sealant after radially expanding the tubular members.
- 1 21. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the sealant can be stretched up to
- 2 about 30 to 40 percent after curing without failure.
- 1 22. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the sealant is resistant to conventional
- 2 wellbore fluidic materials.
- 1 23. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the material properties of the sealant
- 2 are substantially stable for temperatures ranging from about 0 to 450 °F.
- 1 24. The apparatus of claim 18, further including:
- 2 applying a primer to the threaded portions of the tubular members prior to
- 3 coating the threaded portions of the tubular members with the
- 4 sealant.
- 1 25. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein the primer includes a curing catalyst.
- 1 26. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein the primer is applied to the threaded
- 2 portion of one of the tubular members and the sealant is applied to the threaded
- 3 portion of the other one of the tubular members.

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1 27. The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the primer includes a curing catalyst.

Abstract

SEALANT FOR EXPANDABLE CONNECTION

A sealant for an expandable connection. The threaded portions of a pair of expandable tubulars are coated with a sealant. The threaded portions of the expandable tubulars are then coupled. The sealant is cured. The expandable tubulars are then placed within a preexisting structure. The expandable tubulars are then radially expanded into contact with the preexisting structure.

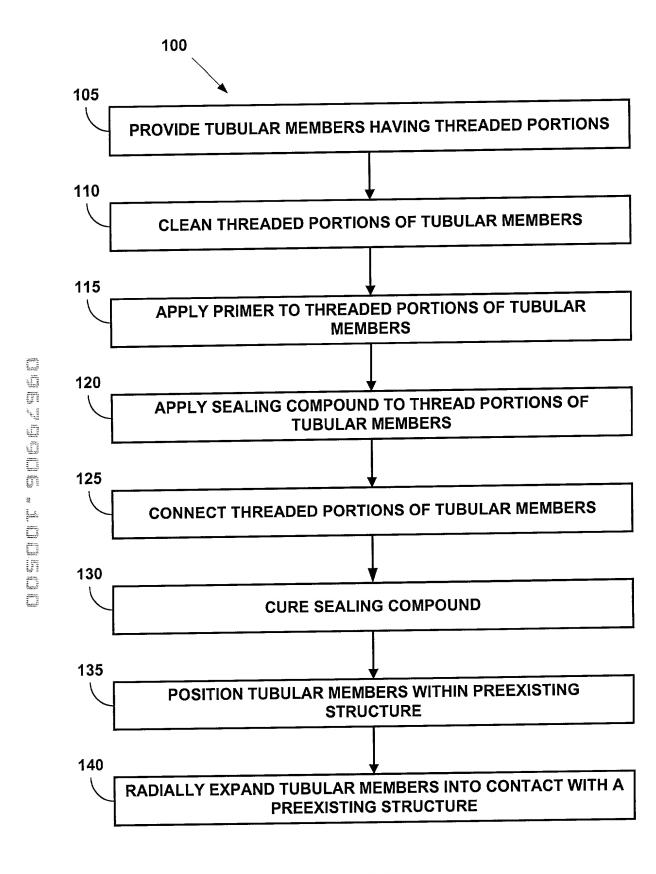


FIGURE 1

FIGURE 2

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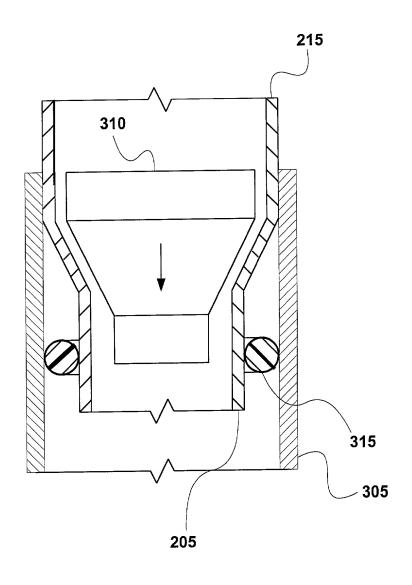


FIGURE 3